

LUMEN CHRISTI CATHOLIC MULTI ACADEMY

WHISTLEBLOWING POLICY

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Lumen Christi Catholic Multi Academy Company is committed to ensuring that it, and its staff, comply with the highest standards of openness, honesty, and accountability.
- 1.2 The term whistleblowing has a specific legal definition, i.e., a disclosure or allegation of serious wrongdoing made by an employee, and a wider public definition, i.e., any disclosure or allegation of serious wrongdoing made by anyone.
- 1.3 This policy document seeks to cover both disclosures and allegations of serious wrongdoing made by employees and members of the public, and to this end, where this policy refers to a 'whistle blower', it refers to any individual (including Lumen Christi employees and/or members of the public) who is making a disclosure or allegation of serious wrongdoing.
- 1.4 Where any individual, irrespective of whether that individual is either a Lumen Christi employee, a worker for a Lumen Christi contractor (including seconded employees) or a member of the public, is aware of any serious wrongdoing, such as:
- breach of a legal obligation.
 - any criminal activity, including incitement to commit a criminal act.
 - corruption or fraud.
 - a miscarriage of justice.
 - a danger to the health or safety of any individual or damage to the environment.
 - abuse of power or authority.
 - failure to comply with professional standards, Lumen Christi policies or codes of practice/conduct; committed by or related to the actions of:
 - Lumen Christi employees, or
 - contractors, agency staff, suppliers, or consultants of Lumen Christi in the course of their work for the company; and reports it,
- the company will investigate any such allegations and, where appropriate, act. Lumen Christi is also committed to preventing any harassment, victimisation or unfair treatment of any person arising from their whistleblowing, and will, where appropriate, take disciplinary action against any member of staff responsible for such harassment, victimisation, or unfair treatment against a whistle blower.
- 1.5 This policy seeks to set out how Lumen Christi will handle and respond to any such allegations, made either by staff or members of the public.
- 1.6 Whilst the whistleblowing legislation offers protection to employees, Lumen Christi considers that any such allegations of serious wrongdoing should be investigated, whether they are made by an employee or any member of the public.
- 1.7 This policy has specific sections relating to: a) employees of Lumen Christi and b) members of the public.

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- 1.8 This policy seeks to:
- a) encourage employees and members of the public and/or their representatives to feel confident in raising concerns or allegations in the public interest about suspected serious wrongdoing without fear of reprisals or victimisation even where the concern or allegation/s are not subsequently confirmed by the investigation.
 - b) give a clear message that allegations of serious wrongdoing or impropriety are taken seriously.
 - c) ensure that where the disclosure proves to be well founded, the individuals responsible for such serious wrongdoing will be held accountable for their actions.
 - d) set out what employees and members of the public can expect by way of confidentiality and protection when making a whistleblowing disclosure; and
 - e) identify independent support for employees who wish to make a whistleblowing disclosure (see section 5).
- 1.9 This policy is not designed to be used:
- a) for raising or reconsideration of matters that come under existing internal Lumen Christi procedures e.g., Allegations of Abuse Against Staff, Grievance, Disciplinary, Capability, or Lumen Christi 's general complaints procedure; or
 - b) for allegations that fall within the scope of specific procedures (for example child protection) which will normally be referred for consideration under the relevant procedure, unless the employee has good reason to believe that the procedure is not being followed or will not be followed effectively; or
 - c) as an appeal process from any complaint or grievance handled under any of the above procedures.
- 1.10 Where a complaint made under this policy falls outside the scope of the policy, e.g., where the complaint falls outside the scope of "serious wrongdoing", Lumen Christi will advise the whistle bower of this and consult with the whistle bower in respect of taking the complaint further. Wherever possible, the company will comply with the views of the whistle bower, but there are situations where Lumen Christi is legally required to pass on details of allegations, without the consent of the whistle bower, such as in safeguarding matters, or where the allegations relate to serious criminal activity undertaken by individuals outside the company.
- 1.11 Likewise, if an allegation made under either of the other above complaints processes falls under the remit of a "serious wrongdoing", the company will notify the whistle bower of this and investigate the allegation under this process.

2. DISCLOSURES MADE BY EMPLOYEES, AGENCY STAFF, AND ANY OTHER INDIVIDUALS WORKING FOR LUMEN CHRISTI

The Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998 ("PIDA")

- 2.1 PIDA is designed to encourage and enable employees (which includes Agency Staff and any other individual working for Lumen Christi) to raise any concerns about any suspected serious wrongdoing, an illegal act, or a dangerous situation within the organisation.

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- 2.2 This is called making a “Protected Disclosure” under the Act, and when it is made in the public interest and in accordance with this policy, an employee is legally protected from harassment or victimisation because of the disclosure.
- 2.3 The person making the disclosure does not have to be directly or personally affected by the serious wrongdoing, but the disclosure must be made in the public interest.
- 2.4 To be protected, the disclosure must be in the public interest and raise a concern that:
- a) a criminal offence (e.g., fraud, corruption, or theft) has been/is likely to be committed.
 - b) a person has failed, is failing or is likely to fail to comply with any legal obligation to which he/she is subject.
 - c) a miscarriage of justice has been/is likely to occur.
 - d) the health or safety of any individual has been/is likely to be endangered.
 - e) the environment has been/is likely to be damaged.
 - f) public funds are being used in an unauthorised manner.
 - g) Lumen Christi’s Funding Agreement (including Standing Orders, Financial Regulations etc.) has not been observed or is being breached
 - h) sexual or physical abuse by any member of staff on service user is taking place.
 - i) sexual harassment
 - j) unlawful discrimination is occurring to any member of staff or pupil/student in relation to the legally protected characteristics of age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion and belief, sex, and sexual orientation (see guidance on Equality Act at <https://equalityhumanrights.com/en/advice-and-guidance/>)
 - k) any other form of improper action or conduct is taking place. This could include breaches of the ‘Nolan Principles of Conduct Underpinning Public Life’ (Schedule 1)
 - l) information relating to any of the above is being deliberately concealed or attempts are being made to conceal the same.
- 2.5 PIDA will protect any employee or worker making a Protected Disclosure, irrespective of whether the disclosure relates to information gained in the course of their employment (e.g., a protected disclosure made by an employee acting as a member of the public would still fall under the PIDA protection).
- 2.6 If an Employee does not feel comfortable making a disclosure to Lumen Christi, he/she may be entitled to make a disclosure to other prescribed persons. For further information please see Schedule 2.
- 3. LUMEN CHRISTI STAFF**
- 3.1 Employees in Lumen Christi are expected to use school procedures such as grievance where appropriate.
- 3.2 Where the Employee working in a school considers one or more incidents amount to a safeguarding incident, they should make a report under the Schools Safeguarding policy.



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- 3.3 However, if the employee has good reason to believe that
- a) the complaint or whistleblowing will not be managed properly within the school, or
 - b) that he/she will be exposed to victimisation because of the complaint; or
 - c) the concern is about another school, or another service provided by Lumen Christi.

then the employee may make the complaint directly to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) or Board of Directors. People who make a complaint to the CEO or Board about the school in which they work should set out why they feel unable to make the complaint directly to the school.

- 3.4 Governors and volunteers are encouraged to report serious wrongdoing using the procedures outlined in this policy.

Although not covered by the Public Interest Disclosure Act, Lumen Christi will treat their disclosures with the same seriousness and confidentiality as those made by employees. Support and protection from victimisation will be extended to governors and volunteers making disclosures in good faith.

4. EXTERNAL INVESTIGATIONS

- 4.1 In respect of disclosures of serious wrongdoing relating to safeguarding children or vulnerable adults, and/or Special Educational Needs, Birmingham City Council has a legal obligation to investigate, and will do so, irrespective of the status of the school.
- 4.2 Birmingham City Council will work with the Education Skills Funding Agency and the Department for Education to review the outcome of any complaint referred to them.
- 4.3 It is recommended that where Lumen Christi receives a Protected Disclosure by an employee, they seek advice from their appropriate professional advisor(s). If they are unable to obtain such advice, they can approach the Charity, Public Concern at Work (0207 404 6609) <http://www.pcaw.org.uk>, which may be able to assist.

5. ADVICE TO EMPLOYEES WISHING TO RAISE A CONCERN OR MAKE A DISCLOSURE

- 5.1 Employees who have major concerns arising from their employment may wish to seek advice from their union or the charity Public Concern at Work (0207 3117 2520 – <https://protect-advice.org.uk/>), to see whether the information which they wish to report would meet the definition of a ‘qualifying disclosure’ and whether they should be using this procedure, or some other procedure.

6. WHISTLEBLOWING BY MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC

- 6.1 Unlike disclosures by employees, the Public Interest Disclosure Act does not cover disclosures by members of the public.
- 6.2 However, Lumen Christi considers that any disclosures or allegations made by members of the public in respect of serious wrongdoing should be handled in the same way as disclosures made by employees.

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- 6.3 Once a disclosure from a member of the public has been received by Lumen Christi, it will be handled in the same way as a disclosure made by an employee under the Public Interest Disclosure Act.

7. HOW TO REPORT AN ACTUAL OR SUSPECTED SERIOUS WRONGDOING

- 7.1 A person who wishes to report any suspected serious wrongdoing ("a disclosure") to Lumen Christi should contact the Interim Chief Executive Officer: Rebecca Nash via email r.nash@lumenchristi.org.uk or for the attention of the Chair of the Board of Directors via Hollie Parrish at h.parrish@lumenchristi.org.uk setting out the following information:

- Name (unless they wish to be anonymous):
- Contact details (unless they wish to be anonymous)
- Who has committed the alleged serious wrongdoing?
- What is the nature of the alleged serious wrongdoing?
- Is the person making a disclosure employed by Lumen Christi?
- Name of school involved.
- Is the person a student/pupil/member of the public?

- 7.2 Employees are also entitled to make a Protected Disclosure through their manager if they feel confident in approaching their manager to report a concern or allegation of serious wrongdoing that falls under this policy. The manager must follow the obligation of confidentiality, but must, as soon as possible, and no later than 2 working days after receiving the Protected Disclosure, log the disclosure in accordance with 7.1 above, and then confirm to the employee concerned, in writing or email, that this matter has been recorded.

- 7.3 In the event that an employee does not feel comfortable in making a disclosure to Lumen Christi, they are entitled to also make a Protected Disclosure to several other organisations. For further information as to whom, other than Lumen Christi, a protected disclosure can be made, see: <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/blowing-the-whistle-list-of-prescribed-people-and-bodies--2/whistleblowing-list-of-prescribed-people-and-bodies>

8. HOW LUMEN CHRISTI WILL RESPOND TO A DISCLOSURE

- 8.1 Lumen Christi will acknowledge receipt of a disclosure, whether it has been made by a member of the public and/or an employee, within 2 working days.
- 8.2 Lumen Christi will then consider and decide whether the disclosure falls under the whistleblowing criteria and, if not, will, wherever possible, seek the whistleblower's consent as to how the disclosure will be investigated using the appropriate procedure. The company's decision will be given to the person making the disclosure, wherever possible, as soon as possible after receipt of disclosure, and no later than 5 working days after acknowledging receipt of the disclosure.
- 8.3 The decision letter should state who will be handling the disclosure, how that person can be contacted, what action is likely to be taken and when the employee or worker might expect to hear the outcome of the disclosure. A further letter, summarising progress to date, should be sent within another ten working days, and if the matter has not been resolved at that time the letter should include an estimate of how long it is likely to be before a full response can be provided.
- 8.4 However, there are situations where the company is legally required to investigate, under separate procedures, without the consent of the whistle blower, such as investigating

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allegations of ill-treatment or abuse of children (safeguarding). In these circumstances, Lumen Christi will, wherever possible, advise the whistle bower that the disclosure will be investigated under another process, but there may be situations where it is not appropriate to disclose the existence of these investigations.

- 8.5 When the disclosure is considered to come under the whistleblowing policy, and the company has assigned an investigator, he/she will contact the whistle bower, within a further 10 working days, to advise them of the following:
- a) the arrangements for confidentiality.
 - b) how the person making the disclosure will be expected to contribute to the investigation.
 - c) the outcome of any discussions which may have taken place over anonymity.
 - d) an estimate of how long the investigation is likely to take.
 - e) the name of the investigator appointed to undertake the investigation.
 - f) the right of an employee to representation by a recognised trade union or work colleague at any meeting; and
 - g) the right of any non-employee to seek support and representation at any meeting.
- 8.6 Lumen Christi, wherever possible, will seek to advise the whistle bower of the outcome of the investigation. However, the company is bound by the UK General Data Protection Regulation, Data Protection Act, and the Human Rights Act in respect of allegations relating to individuals and may not be able to disclose information where legal proceedings are pending.
- 8.7 The use of this whistleblowing process does not automatically amount to acceptance by Lumen Christi that the information provided is necessarily a qualifying disclosure.
- 8.8 For monitoring purposes the company keeps a list of communications received from people using this whistleblowing process. This information is used for monitoring purposes and to detect if there are areas where there is a high incidence of alleged serious wrongdoing.
- 9. CONFIDENTIALITY AND ANONYMITY**
- 9.1 Although the PIDA does not refer to the confidentiality of concerns raised in a qualifying disclosure, there is a widespread assumption that such a disclosure will be treated in confidence as a means of preventing victimisation. Lumen Christi will seek to avoid disclosing information identifying any whistle bower, even if the company considers that the disclosure, by the whistle bower, falls outside the scope of a qualifying disclosure. However, there are situations where, due to the circumstances of the alleged serious wrongdoing, it is impossible to avoid disclosing information identifying any whistle bower. In these circumstances, Lumen Christi will consult with the whistle bower prior to the disclosure taking place and offer support.
- 9.2 There may also be situations where the company may be obliged to disclose information, such as where there are legal proceedings following on from the investigation of the whistleblowing investigation. This may require the disclosure of witness statements or correspondence, and there is even the possibility that the whistle bower may be expected to give evidence at any hearing. In these circumstances, the company should discuss the implications for the whistle bower if he or she proceeds with the disclosure, and where appropriate, discuss appropriate support arrangements.



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- 9.3 Lumen Christi may also be required to disclose the identity of the whistle blower to third parties, where necessary for the purposes of undertaking investigations e.g., where the allegations relate to serious criminal offences where the company considers that the Police should investigate. Due respect will be paid to Lumen Christi's GDPR policies and procedures in these cases.
- 9.4 Anonymous complaints will be considered but, depending on the information given and the credibility of the evidence, there may not be enough information for a proper investigation without the investigator being able to contact the whistle blower for further information and, in these circumstances, there may not be sufficient evidence to pursue an investigation.
- 9.5 Lumen Christi is subject to the Freedom of Information Act. This means that there is a presumption that Lumen Christi discloses any information it holds, unless that information falls under one or more exemptions and, in most cases, that the application of that exemption is in the public interest.
- 9.6 The Freedom of Information Act contains exemptions that may be applicable to permit the withholding of information identifying the whistle blower, including:
- s.40 Personal Data.
 - s.41 Information which, if disclosed, would give rise to an actionable breach of confidence.
- 9.7 If Lumen Christi receives a request for information identifying a whistle blower, it will contact the whistle blower to seek their views in respect of the disclosure or withholding of the information requested and, wherever possible, it will seek to comply with those views.
- 9.8 The company is mindful; in reconciling the legal obligation to disclose information it holds under the Freedom of Information Act 2000, of its legal obligations under:
- a) The Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998 to avoid the discrimination or victimisation of employees; and
 - b) The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974, to protect the health and safety (including mental health) of employees.

10. PROTECTING AN EMPLOYEE WHISTLEBLOWER

- 10.1 Employees are protected if:
- they honestly think what they report is true.
 - they think they are telling the right person; and
 - they believe that their disclosure is in the public interest.
- 10.2 Any employee who makes a 'qualifying disclosure' which meets the definition in the Public Interest Disclosure Act is legally protected against victimisation for whistleblowing. Lumen Christi has adopted this procedure to encourage early internal whistleblowing and demonstrate its commitment to preventing victimisation. If an employee claims that, despite that commitment, he or she has been victimised because of blowing the whistle, he or she should make a further complaint under this whistleblowing procedure directly to the Chair of the Board of Directors.
- 10.3 An employee has the right to complain of victimisation because of any whistleblowing to an employment tribunal within 6 months.

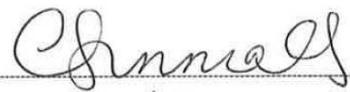
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- 10.4 Any employee who victimises a whistleblower could:
- be subject to an internal investigation and potential disciplinary action, including potential dismissal.
 - face a civil claim personally, as the affected whistle blower could be entitled to directly issue a legal claim against the culprit.

11. RECORDING AND MONITORING COMPLAINTS

- 11.1 Lumen Christi is legally required to maintain a list of concerns raised by employees made under the Public Interest Disclosure Act. Inclusion in this list does not amount to acceptance that the communication amounts to a Protected Disclosure and any subsequent decision that the matter falls outside the Act will be added to the record on the list.
- 11.2 The company will also record all disclosures of serious wrongdoing made by members of the public.
- 11.3 Both lists are maintained in accordance with the UK General Data Protection Regulation and Data Protection Act 1998.
- 11.4 A report on the number of concerns will be published annually. This report will not include any information identifying any whistle blower.

Date Approved/Approving Body:	3 rd December 2025, Audit Committee
Signed:	
Minuted:	Hollie Parrish, 3.12.25
Date of Next Review:	Autumn 2026

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SCHEDULE 1

THE NOLAN PRINCIPLES OF CONDUCT UNDERPINNING PUBLIC LIFE

1. Selflessness – Holders of public office should act solely in terms of the public interest.
2. Integrity – Holders of public office must avoid placing themselves under any obligation to people or organisations that might try inappropriately to influence them in their work. They should not act or take decisions to gain financial or other material benefits for themselves, their family, or their friends. They must declare and resolve any interests and relationships.
3. Objectivity – Holders of public office must act and take decisions impartially, fairly and on merit, using the best evidence and without discrimination or bias.
4. Accountability – Holders of public office are accountable to the public for their decisions and actions and must submit themselves to the scrutiny necessary to ensure this.
5. Openness – Holders of public office should act and take decisions in an open and transparent manner. Information should not be withheld from the public unless there are clear and lawful reasons for so doing.
6. Honesty – Holders of public office should be truthful.
7. Leadership – Holders of public office should exhibit these principles in their own behaviour. They should actively promote and robustly support the principles and be willing to challenge poor behaviour wherever it occurs. Holders of public office are defined in law. They include local government Councillors, school governors and clerks to school governing bodies. They also include certain senior local government officers required to be appointed by law.

SCHEDULE 2

LIST OF OTHER BODIES A WHISTLEBLOWING DISCLOSURE CAN BE MADE TO.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/blowing-the-whistle-list-of-prescribed-people-and-bodies--2/whistleblowing-list-of-prescribed-people-and-bodies#education>
