Year 6
Spring 1
Lesson 1

Elements of Music





Let's Listen



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OslN5mxWZi8

Christian Scott Quintet

What style of music is this?

What do you know about Jazz?

Where does it originate from?

Do you know any famous Jazz Musicians?

Prior Learning

How do musicians learn how to write and read music?

Can you remember the value of a crotchet, minim and semibreve?

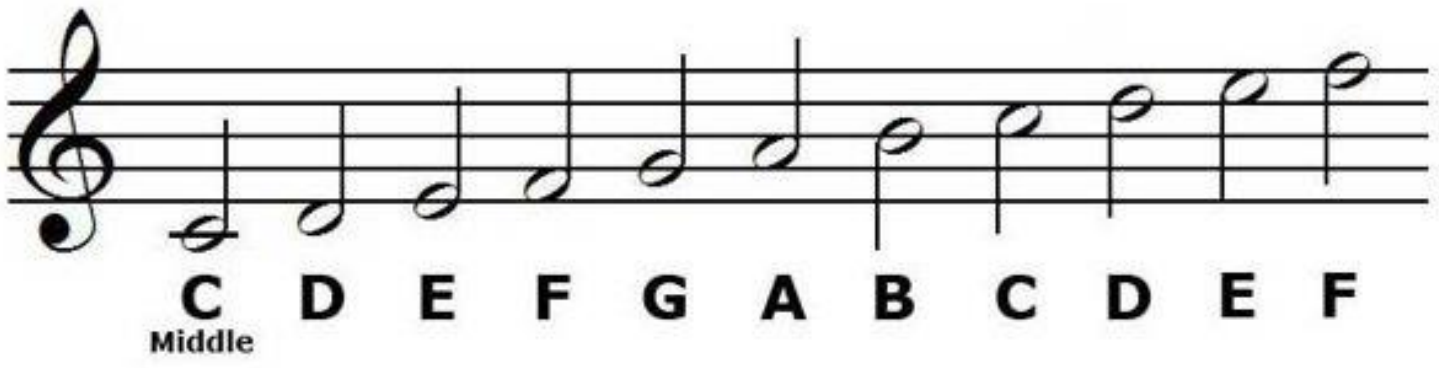


What do we call this symbol?



Prior Learning

In year 3 you learnt that each sound in a piece of music is represented by a musical note. Notes are written on the stave and a note sits high or low on the stave, depending on its pitch. The higher the note on the stave the higher the pitch and the lower the note on the stave the lower the pitch.



Musical notes take their names from the first seven letters of the alphabet: ABCDEFG and we always write them in capital letters.

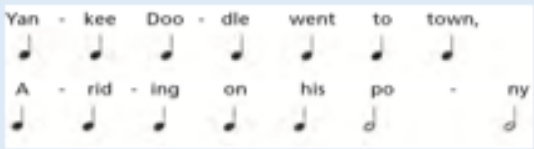
Our Knowledge Organiser

Key Vocabulary	
Crotchet	1 beat
Minim	2 beats
Semibreve	4 beats
Quaver	½ beat
Treble Clef	A symbol used in musical notation that assigns notes to lines and spaces on the musical staff
Stave (or staff)	The name given to the five horizontal lines on which we can write music

Elements of Music

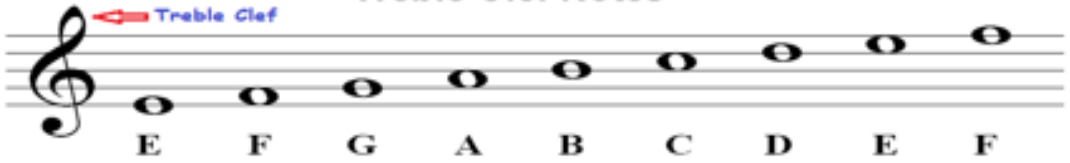


Yankee Doodle





Treble Clef Notes



Line Notes



Space Notes



Key Vocabulary



Stave
Treble clef
Crotchet
Minim
Semibreve
Lines notes
Space notes
Steady beat
Tempo
Dynamics
Pitch



L.O: I know the names of the lines and spaces on a musical stave and where to pl
treble clef.



Success Criteria:

I can express how I feel about a piece of music.
I can use manuscript paper to draw a treble clef.
I can name and draw the line notes and the space notes on a musical stave.
I can name the crotchet, the minim and the semibreve.
I can use the musical elements to add interest.

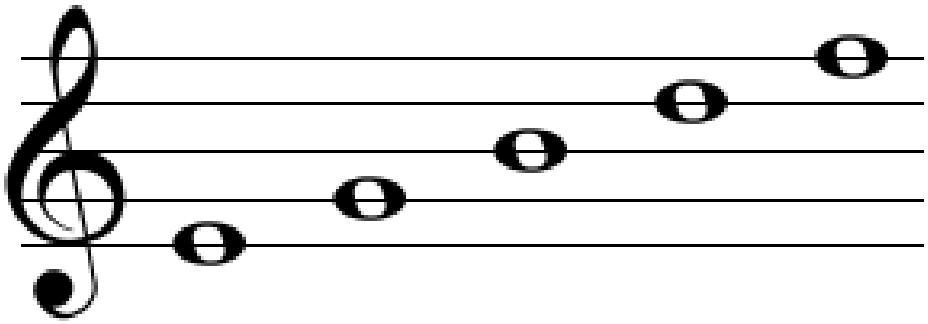
Here are today's key words:

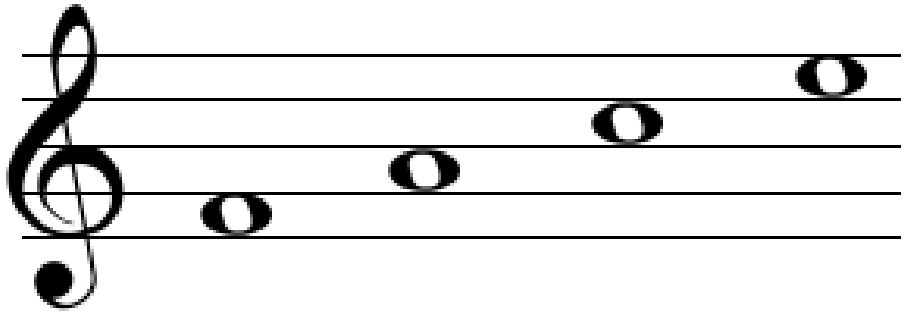
Stave
Treble clef
Crotchet
Minim
Semibreve
Lines notes
Space notes



Talk Task

Can you remember the names of the notes on the lines and spaces on the stave?





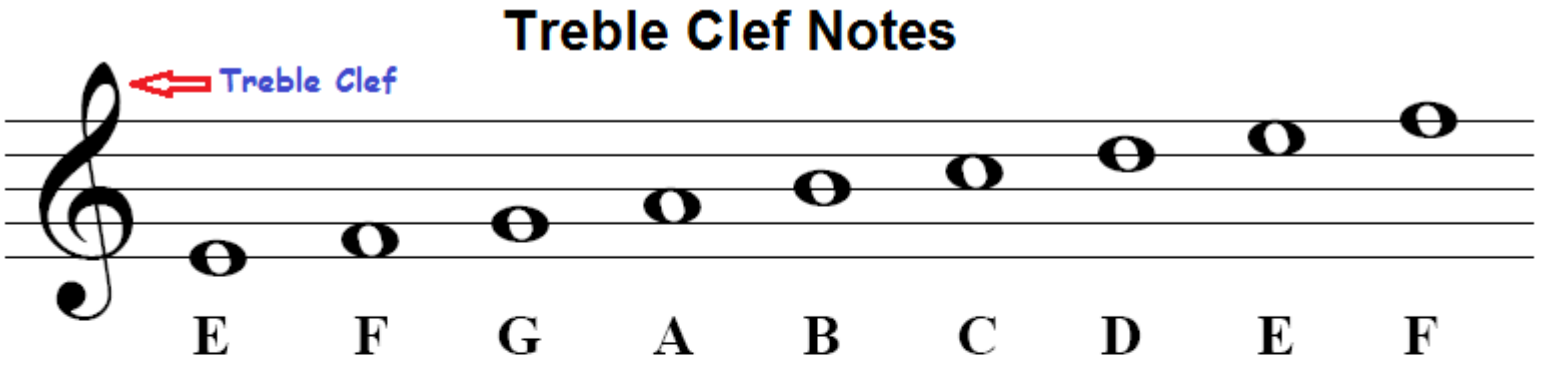
Where does the treble clef go on the stave?

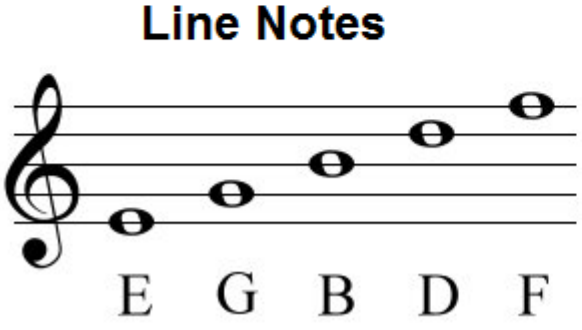
Teach

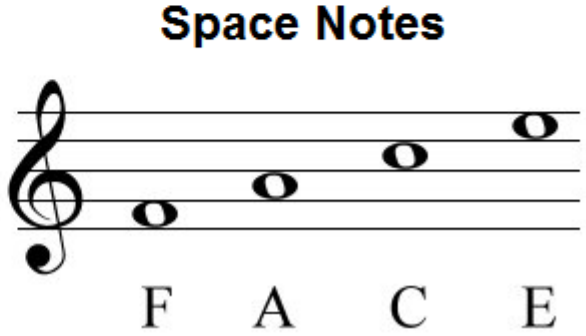
For the line notes – **E**lephants **G**et **B**ig **D**irty **F**eet.

The letter names for the stave spaces spell out '**FACE**'

Watch https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2lXF-AcYbv0







Task



Use manuscript paper and draw the treble clef at the beginning.

Then place musical notes on the lines and spaces and write their letter names underneath. (Don't forget to use capital letters!)

Step for depth

In pairs, say a note, then write the note as notation.

And finally…

Use a virtual keyboard or a pitched instrument to play the notes you have written. Remember, how you play it, depends on the notes you use. E.g. crotchets – 1 beat, minim – 2 beats, semibreve – 4 beats.







Challenge

Try and change the dynamics or tempo. Can you perform together or at different times? (like a round)